UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII

Amendment and Compilation of Chapter 20-10 Hawaii Administrative Rules

(September 7, 2001)

SUMMARY

- 1. §§20-10-3 to 20-10-4, 20-10-6 to 20-10-8, 20-10-11 to 20-10-12, and 20-10-14 to 20-10-16 are amended.
- 2. Chapter 20-10 is compiled.

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HAWAII ADMINISTRATIVE RULES

TITLE 20

UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII

CHAPTER 10

DELINQUENT FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS

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SUBCHAPTER 1

RULES OF GENERAL APPLICABILITY

§20-10-1 Purpose. This chapter aims to provide the University of Hawaii with a procedure which provides clear and fair methods in collecting delinquent financial obligations owed to the University. [Eff 6/22/81; am and comp 5/9/98; comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-95) (Imp: HRS §§91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

§20-10-2 <u>General statement of policy.</u> (a) If a person has assumed a financial obligation to the University of Hawaii and payment is overdue, the University shall have the right to impose sanctions under this chapter as it may deem appropriate.

(b) To implement these rules, the President or the President's designee may issue guidelines consistent with these rules and as may be appropriate. [Eff 6/22/81; am 4/4/88; am and comp 5/9/98; comp [(Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)] (Imp: HRS §§91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

§20-10-3 <u>Definitions</u>. As used in this chapter: "Appeal" means a timely filed petition disputing the University's notification of delinquent financial obligation, including a request for hearing under subchapter 2 filed on the appropriate form.

"Board" means the Board of Regents of the University of Hawaii and shall include its authorized designees.

"Business office" means the primary business office which receives payments for tuition, fees, and other official charges on the University campus at which the delinquent financial obligation occurred.

"Claimant" means the University program which initiates the utilization of the setoff procedures provided in subchapter 3.

"Contested case" means the administrative case

initiated by a person to contest the setoff under subchapter 3.

"Debtor" means any person who owes a debt to the

University.

"Defaulted" means failure to make a scheduled installment payment on a promissory note or failure to

comply with other terms of a promissory note.

"Delinquent" means being past due on student loan payments or other financial obligations, or failing to pay for tuition and fees by a published deadline.

"Designee" means a person designated or appointed

by the University for a specific purpose or duty.

"Hearing officer" means a person duly designated by the University to preside over a hearing under this chapter.

"Party" means any person that participates in an appeal hearing or a contested case hearing as a person filing the appeal, a business office, a debtor, or a claimant.

"Person" includes any individual, corporation, partnership, association, or any trustee, assignee, receiver, or legal successor thereof.

"President" means the President of the University of Hawaii and shall include the President's authorized designees.

"Review" means an informal proceeding which affords a person an opportunity to present the person's case to a University staff member duly authorized under this chapter.

"Sanctions" means the range of penalties which the University may invoke in cases of delinquent financial

obligations.

"Setoff" means the application of a person's income tax refund or any other sums due to the person from the State, to a valid debt due and owing the University pursuant to the authority granted by sections 231-51 to 231-59, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

"Student" means any person who is or was enrolled full-time or part-time in any program or activity at

the University.

"University" means the several institutions, collectively or individually, which fall under the jurisdiction of the Board of Regents of the University of Hawaii. Any of the provisions in this chapter which affect the standing of a person at any one campus also affect the standing or potential standing at all other campuses of the University of Hawaii.

Words of the masculine gender include the feminine

and neuter, and when the sense so indicates, words of the neuter gender may refer to any gender. Words in the singular number include the plural, and words in the plural number include the singular. [Eff 6/22/81; am 4/4/88; am and comp 5/9/98; am and comp

[Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

§20-10-4 <u>Categories of delinquent financial</u> <u>obligations.</u> A delinquent financial obligation shall be deemed to exist, provided that notice of the financial obligation has been sent to the person, with the exception of those contracts in which notice is not required. Delinquent financial obligations shall include but are not limited to:

- (1) Overdue payment of a contractual obligation, such as but not limited to the following:
 - (A) Loan payments;
 - (B) Payments on promissory notes, which include payments on short-term loan and long-term loan promissory notes. Long-term promissory note payments include the loan principal and accrued interest as stated on the promissory note. The applicable collection costs, court costs, attorneys' fees, and any other costs incurred to recover the amount owed may be added to the loan obligation;
 - (C) Payments for tuition or other mandatory fees, or both;
 - (D) Payments for rent, which include dormitory or university student housing rents, board payments, if required or contracted for, and payments for rental of facilities and equipment for which the person acted for himself or as an agent for a registered campus organization; and
 - (E) Payments for any tuition assistance where the student did not or does not fulfill any eligibility criteria, term, condition, or obligation made pursuant to section 304-14.8, Hawaii Revised Statutes, or any term and condition of any other agreement.

- (2) Overdue payment of fines, fees, and charges, or overdue payment for goods and services provided, such as but not limited to the following:
 - (A) Library fines;
 - (B) Parking and traffic fines;
 - (C) Dishonored check fees; and
 - (D) Other non-tuitional charges.
- (3) Overdue payment of restitution for unreturned, lost, damaged, or misused University property, such as but not limited to the following:
 - (A) Charges for laboratory losses or breakage;
 - (B) Charges for locker or dormitory keys;
 - (C) Charges for library books; and
 - (D) Charges for destruction or damage to property.
- (4) Overdue payment for financial aid where the person fails to meet any eligibility criteria, term, or condition of the financial aid. [Eff 6/22/81; am 4/4/88; am and comp 5/9/98; am and comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-95) (Imp: HRS §§91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

§20-10-5 <u>Notification of delinquent financial</u> <u>obligation.</u> (a) When any payment on an outstanding financial obligation is overdue, and the University has made reasonable efforts to collect the delinquent financial obligation, the University shall forward the outstanding financial obligation to the appropriate business office.

- (b) If the amount of the outstanding financial obligation is \$25 or more, the University shall send a letter to the last known address of the debtor. Notice shall be presumed to have been received three business days after mailing. The rights of the University to collect outstanding financial obligations and to apply any sanction listed in this chapter are not waived by the failure of the debtor to receive the notification letter.
- (c) The notification letter shall include the following information:
 - (1) The sanctions the University may impose if the obligation is not paid or arrangements

- acceptable to the University are not made within fifteen days from the date of the notice;
- (2) Notice that any person who deems an alleged financial obligation to have been improperly assessed or who deems a sanction imposed is excessive or unfair may file an appeal with the Office of the Senior Vice President for Administration;
- (3) The place where copies of the applicable appeals procedure and form requesting a hearing may be obtained;
- (4) Statement that in addition to all other sanctions, the University may seek redress under the law to recover moneys owed to it.
- (d) Prior to each registration, the University shall withhold registration materials from any person with a delinquent financial obligation. Any person requesting withheld registration material shall be given the financial obligation statement and shall be directed to the appropriate business office. The business office shall inform the person of the nature and amount of the financial obligation and provide the person with the following information:
 - (1) The sanctions the University may impose if the obligation is not paid or arrangements acceptable to the University are not made;
 - (2) If the person requests, the business office shall provide the person with a copy of the applicable appeals procedure and form requesting a hearing, or direct the person to the appropriate place where a copy of the applicable appeals procedure and request form can be obtained;
 - (3) If the person settles the delinquent financial obligation to the satisfaction of the University, or if the person files the appropriate form requesting a hearing, the University shall release the registration materials to the person. [Eff 6/22/81; am 4/4/88; am and comp 5/9/98; comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-95) (Imp: HRS §§91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

§20-10-6 Application of sanctions. (a)

Cancellation of registration during the semester or academic session shall be imposed as a sanction provided no properly filed appeal is in process and:

- (1) Tuition or mandatory fee payments are delinquent and no arrangement acceptable to the University has been made for payment; or
- (2) The hearing officer has determined that the debt is owed and sanctions are proper.
- (b) Denial of further registration may be imposed as a sanction in all other cases of delinquent financial obligations which occur prior to registration and for which no appeal has been filed.
- (c) Revocation of all rights and privileges which were conferred by registration or enrollment may be imposed as a sanction in all cases of delinquent financial obligations. These sanctions shall remain in force during the appeals and contested case processes.
- (d) Denial of transcripts, diplomas, and other entitlements may be imposed as a sanction in all cases of delinquent financial obligations. These sanctions shall remain in force during the appeals and contested case processes.
- (e) In all cases of delinquent financial obligations, the University reserves the right to use any procedure such as the following procedures to recover moneys which are owed to it:
 - (1) Report delinquent and defaulted amounts, along with other relevant information to credit bureau organizations;
 - (2) Setoff against a person's Hawaii state income tax refund or any other sums due to the person from the State, any amount which is due and owing to the University, exceeding the amount of \$25;
 - (3) Commence legal action to recover the amount which is owed, including appropriate interest, collection costs, court costs, and attorneys' fees;
 - (4) Contract the services of a collection agency to recover moneys owed to it, including applicable court costs and attorneys' fees. The collection agency may collect the applicable collection costs as authorized in a written contract with the University pursuant to federal or state law; and
 - (5) Use the services of University personnel to recover moneys owed to it, including applicable collection costs.

(f) In addition to all other sanctions, the University may seek redress under the law to recover moneys owed to it.

(g) Costs of implementing the sanctions imposed under these rules may be assessed to the person owing

the delinquent financial obligation.

(h) Sanctions imposed under these rules at any campus of the University of Hawaii shall apply to all other campuses of the University.

(i) No sanction shall be imposed upon a person who has filed a petition for relief under Chapter 7, 11, 12, or 13 of the United States Bankruptcy Code.

(j) Transcripts, diplomas, and other entitlements shall not be conferred by the expiration of the statute of limitations in all cases of delinquent financial obligations. [Eff 6/22/81; am 4/4/88; am and comp 5/9/98; am and comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95, 11 U.S.C. §362)

SUBCHAPTER 2

APPEALS FROM NOTICES OF DELINQUENT FINANCIAL OBLIGATIONS OR IMPOSITION OF SANCTIONS

§20-10-7 Hearing officers. (a) The provost or chancellor of each University campus as appropriate shall designate a hearing officer to hear appeals under this chapter except for the administrative hearing officers for the setoff hearings under subchapter 3.

(b) In any case that does or could present a conflict of interest, the provost or chancellor shall designate a substitute hearing officer for that case,

except as provided in subsection (c).

(c) For those campuses for which the Board of Regents has adopted rules governing parking and operation of motor vehicles, the appeals procedure and appointment procedure for hearing officers and final board of appeals as contained within those rules remain in effect. [Eff 6/22/81; am and comp 5/9/98; am and comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §\$26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-95) (Imp: HRS §\$91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

§20-10-8 Appeals from a notification of

<u>delinquent financial obligation or an imposition of a sanction under this chapter.</u> (a) Appeals involving parking and traffic matters shall be resolved under the procedures provided in chapter 20-12.

- Informal review of student loan obligations. Any person who is deemed by the University to be delinquent in student loan payments may file a written request for an informal review with the University's Director of the General Accounting and Loan Collection Office, no later than fifteen days after the date of the notification letter of the student loan obligation. After the University has issued a decision on the informal review, any person who still believes that a student loan obligation has been improperly assessed or who believes a sanction imposed is excessive or unfair may file an appeal with the University's Office of the Senior Vice President for Administration within fifteen days from the date of the decision on the informal review. A hearing officer appointed under section 20-10-7 shall hear the case and render a written decision within a reasonable time to each party.
- (c) Filing of an appeal. Any person who believes that any alleged financial obligation (other than an obligation involving parking and traffic matters or student loan matters) was improperly assessed or who deems that a sanction imposed under this chapter is excessive or unfair may appeal the matter to the University's Office of the Senior Vice President for Administration within fifteen days from the date of the official notification of assessment of the obligation or of imposition of a sanction. A hearing officer appointed under section 20-10-7 shall hear the case and render a written decision within a reasonable time to each party.
- (d) Appeals procedure. In all appeals where a person has properly filed an appeal (except appeals involving parking and traffic matters covered by chapter 20-12), a hearing officer shall send a written notification of the hearing to the person who filed the appeal by registered or certified mail with return receipt requested, not less than fifteen days before the date of the hearing.
 - (1) The notification letter shall include:
 - (A) The date, time, place, and nature of the hearing;
 - (B) The legal authority under which the hearing is to be held;
 - (C) The particular sections of the statutes

and rules involved;

(D) A statement in plain language of the issues involved and the facts surrounding the alleged overdue financial obligations; and

(E) The fact that any party may be accompanied by counsel at the party's

own expense.

(2) The hearing officer shall hear the appeal and render a written decision within a reasonable time and issue a copy of the

decision to each party.

(3) All appeal hearings under this subchapter shall be informal in nature. Either party may be represented by counsel of its choice and at its own expense, and may summon witnesses as the party may desire. The findings and conclusions of the hearing officer shall be confined to the facts and equities of the case. The person requesting the hearing need not be present at the hearing. The evidence and arguments may be presented in writing.

(4) The hearing officer shall make a finding in each appeal as to whether the alleged financial obligation exists and all parties shall be bound by the hearing officer's

finding.

(5) The hearing officer, except as provided in subsection (f), may confirm, modify, or cancel any sanction imposed under subchapters 1 and 2, as may be appropriate under the circumstances in the sound discretion of the hearing officer.

- (6) All findings of fact and conclusions of law of the hearing officer shall be in writing and shall be effective upon notification of the parties. The hearing officers' decisions shall be final within the University. The parties to the proceeding shall be notified by delivery or mailing of a certified copy of the decision and order.
- (e) The chancellor or provost of the University campus concerned may extend the time for both the filing of the appeal and issuance of the decision for good reasons, provided that no sanction in an appealed case shall be effective until after the hearing officer's decision is rendered, except as provided in

section 20-10-6(c) and (d).

(f) If the hearing officer finds that a delinquency of a tuition or mandatory fee charge exists, the hearing officer shall authorize the cancellation of the individual's registration. If the delinquency of a tuition or mandatory fee charge exists for any previous registration, the hearing officer shall authorize the denial of further registration. In both cases additional sanctions may be imposed. [Eff 4/4/88; am and comp 5/9/98; am and comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-95) 2002 mp: HRS §§91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

§20-10-9 REPEALED. [R 5/9/98]

§20-10-10 REPEALED. [R 5/9/98]

SUBCHAPTER 3

SETOFF OF A PERSON'S DELINQUENT FINANCIAL OBLIGATION AGAINST THE PERSON'S HAWAII STATE INCOME TAX REFUND OR ANY OTHER SUM DUE TO THE PERSON FROM THE STATE

§20-10-11 <u>Purpose of subchapter</u>. This subchapter provides guidelines for the University's utilization of the authority granted under sections 231-51 to 231-59, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to retain the state income tax refund or any other sum due from the State of Hawaii to a person who owes a debt to the University. [Eff 5/9/98; am and comp **PEC** 1242002 [Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95]

§20-10-12 Procedure for setoff. (a) When a University claimant decides to utilize the authority granted under sections 231-51 to 231-59, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to request a setoff of a person's debt to the University against the person's state income tax refund or any other sum due to the person from the State, the claimant shall submit the request for setoff to the University's Director of the General Accounting and Loan Collection Office.

(b) The Director of the General Accounting and Loan Collection Office shall submit the setoff request to the Comptroller of the State Department of

Accounting and General Services.

(c) The Comptroller shall issue a written notice to the debtor of the state's intention to apply the debtor's debt to the University against the debtor's state income tax refund or any other sum due the debtor from the state. The Comptroller's written notice shall state that the debtor, within thirty days of the date of the notice, may request an administrative hearing before the University to contest the setoff.

before the University to contest the setoff.

(d) The request for an administrative hearing shall be submitted to the University's Office of the Senior Vice President for Administration in writing not more than thirty days from the date of the Comptroller's notice explained in subsection (c). The Senior Vice President for Administration may extend the time for the submission of the request for hearing upon a showing of good cause, as determined at the sole discretion of the Senior Vice President for Administration. [Eff 5/9/98; am and comp

DEC 1 2 2092) | (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95) | (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

§20-10-13 <u>Hearings to contest the setoff.</u>
(a) The administrative hearings under this subchapter shall be treated as a contested case hearing under the Hawaii Administrative Procedure Act (Hawaii Revised Statutes chapter 91) and shall be conducted in accordance with the statutory requirements for contested case hearings.

(b) The administrative hearings under this subchapter shall be presided by an administrative hearing officer designated by the President or the

President's designee.

- (c) Upon receipt of a written request for a contested case hearing, the Office of the Senior Vice President for Administration shall direct the duly designated administrative hearing officer to issue a written notice to both the debtor and the claimant, which notice shall include a statement of:
 - (1) The date, time, place, and nature of the hearing.
 - (2) The legal authority under which the hearing is to be held.

- (3) The particular sections of the statutes and rules involved.
- (4) An explicit statement in plain language of the issues involved and the facts alleged by the claimant in support thereof; provided that, if the claimant is unable to state such issues and facts in detail at the time the notice is served, the initial notice may be limited to a statement of the issues involved, and thereafter upon application a bill of particulars shall be furnished.
- (5) That the contested case is limited to issues not previously contested by the debtor.
- (6) The fact that any party may retain counsel if so desired, and the fact that an individual may appear on the individual's own behalf.

The written notice of hearing shall be provided to all parties to the administrative proceeding at least fifteen days before the hearing. [Eff 5/9/98; comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-95) (Imp: HRS §§91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 92-16, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

- §20-10-14 <u>Procedures for the administrative</u> hearing on the setoff. (a) Opportunities shall be afforded all parties in a contested case to present evidence and argument on all issues involved.
- (b) Any procedure in a contested case may be modified or waived by stipulation of the parties and informal disposition may be made of any contested case by stipulation, agreed settlement, consent order, or default.
- (c) For the purpose of decisions, the record of the contested case shall include:
 - (1) All pleadings, motions, intermediate rulings.
 - (2) Evidence received or considered, including oral testimony, exhibits, and a statement of matters officially noticed.
 - (3) Offers of proof and rulings thereon.
 - (4) Proposed findings and exceptions.
 - (5) Report of the administrative hearing officer who presided at the hearing.
 - (6) Staff memoranda submitted to members of the Board of Regents in connection with their

consideration of the case.

- (d) For the purpose of preserving a record of the proceedings before the administrative hearing officer, the proceedings shall be either tape-recorded or recorded verbatim by a shorthand reporter. It shall not be necessary to transcribe the record unless requested for purposes of rehearing, Board review, or court review.
- (e) Within a reasonable time following the closure of the hearing on the contested case, the administrative hearing officer shall prepare a proposed decision on the case as a recommendation for the Board.

(f) No matters outside the record shall be considered by the administrative hearing officer in making a proposed decision, except as provided in this

chapter.

(g) Every decision and order rendered by the administrative hearing officer shall be in writing and shall contain a statement of reasons for the decision and shall include a determination of each issue of fact or law necessary to the proposed decision. If any party to the contested case proceeding has filed proposed findings of fact, the administrative hearing officer shall incorporate in the proposed decision a ruling upon each proposed finding so presented.

(h) A copy of the proposed decision shall be served upon both the debtor and the claimant by delivering or mailing a copy of the proposed decision and accompanying findings and conclusions to each party

or to the party's attorney of record.

- (i) If the debtor is adversely affected by the proposed decision, the debtor shall be afforded an opportunity to file exceptions to the proposed decision and present argument to the University's Board of Regents before a final decision on the contested case is rendered by the Board. Exceptions shall be filed in the manner set forth in section 20-10-16(b). [Eff 5/9/98; am and comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-95) (Imp: HRS §§91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 92-16, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)
- §20-10-15 <u>Rules of evidence; official notice.</u>
 (a) Any oral or documentary evidence may be received by the administrative hearing officer. The administrative hearing officer shall as a matter of policy provide for the exclusion of irrelevant, immaterial, or unduly repetitious evidence. No

sanction shall be imposed or order be issued except upon consideration of the whole record or such portions thereof as may be cited by any party and as supported by and in accordance with the reliable, probative, and substantial evidence. The administrative hearing officer shall give effect to the rules of privilege recognized by law.

(b) Documentary evidence may be received in the form of copies or excerpts, if the original is not readily available; provided that upon request, parties shall be given an opportunity to compare the copy with

the original.

(c) Every party shall have the right to conduct such cross-examination as may be required for a full and true disclosure of the facts, and shall have the

right to submit rebuttal evidence.

- (d) The administrative hearing officer may take notice of judicially recognizable facts. In addition, the administrative hearing officer may take notice of generally recognized technical or scientific facts within the hearing officer's specialized knowledge; but parties shall be notified either before or during the hearing, or by reference in preliminary reports or otherwise, of the material so noticed, and they shall be afforded an opportunity to contest the facts so noticed.
- §20-10-16 Final decisionmaking for the University in a contested case hearing. (a) Since the administrative hearing is not presided by the Board but rather delegated to an administrative hearing officer, and the Board would not have heard and examined all of the evidence, the final decision for the University shall not be made by the Board until the administrative hearing officer's proposed decision containing a

statement of reasons and including a determination of each issue of fact or law necessary to the proposed decision has been served upon the debtor and the claimant.

(b) If the debtor is adversely affected by the proposed decision, the debtor shall be afforded an opportunity to file exceptions to the proposed decision and to present written and oral arguments to the Board. The exceptions shall be in writing and filed with the Office of the Senior Vice President for Administration not more than fifteen days from the date of the proposed decision. The Board shall provide the aggrieved debtor with an opportunity to present oral arguments at an adjudicatory meeting of the Board. The Hawaii Sunshine Law does not apply to an adjudicatory meeting of the Board.

(c) In rendering the final decision for the University, the members of the Board shall personally consider the whole record of the contested case or such portions thereof as may be cited by the parties. No matters outside the record shall be considered by the Board in making a decision, except as provided in this

chapter.

(d) Every decision and order rendered by the Board shall be in writing and shall be accompanied by separate findings of fact and conclusions of law.

§20-10-17 Consultation by decisionmaking officials; ex parte communication prohibited. At no time after the filing of the written request for a contested case hearing shall any administrative hearing officer, member of the Board who renders a decision in an administrative contested case, or any other person who is likely to advise these officials in the decision on the contested case, discuss ex parte any issue of fact or the merits of the contested case with any interested person not performing a decisionmaking function, except by giving notice to both the debtor and claimant providing an opportunity for all parties

to participate in the discussion. This prohibition shall not apply to consultations required for the disposition of ex parte matters authorized by law or to consultations with the decisionmakers' legal counsel covered by the attorney-client privilege. [Eff 5/9/98; comp DEC 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §§26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-95) (Imp: HRS §§91-2, 91-9 to 91-13, 92-16, 231-53, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

\$20-10-18 Appeals from the final decision.
Appeals from the final decision of the Board rendered in a contested case under this subchapter shall be in accordance with Hawaii Revised Statutes chapter 91."

[Eff 5/9/98; comp 12 2002] (Auth: HRS §\$26-38, 91-2, 231-58, 304-4, 304-93, 304-95)

UNIVERSITY OF HAWAII

Amendments to and compilation of chapter 10, title 20, Hawaii Administrative Rules, on the Summary Page dated September 7, 2001 were adopted on

following a public hearing held on , after public notice was

given in the on

They shall take effect ten days after filing with the Office of the Lieutenant Governor.

BERT A. KOBAYASHI

Chairperson, Board of Regents University of Hawaii

BENJAMEN J CAYETANO

Governor

State of Hawaii

Dated:

11-29-02

Filed

APPROVED AS TO FORM:

Deputy Attorney General

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